



## Interprofessional Collaboration Form ("ICF") Modified in INPRO project 2022

## INTERPROFESSIONAL PERSON-CENTRED ASSESSMENT REPORT (Snyman 2016)

#### 1. **BODY FUNCTIONS AND STRUCTURES (impairments & strengths)**

Guidance: Please write in the lines below which relevant (to the person) body impairment(s) you can identify from the description and the videos of the client. You can also indicate the impairment(s) in the diagram.

### **BODY FUNCTIONS**

Mental functions

Sensory functions and pain

Voice and speech functions

Functions of the cardiovascular, haematological, immunological and respiratory systems

Functions of the digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems Genitourinary and reproductive functions

Neuromusculoskeletal and movement-related functions

Functions of the skin and related structures

### **BODY STRUCTURES**

Structures of the nervous system

The eye, ear and related structures

Structures involved in voice and speech

Structures of the cardiovascular, immunological and respiratory systems

Structures related to the digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems

Structures related to the genitourinary and reproductive systems

Structures related to movement

Skin and related structures

چو	Describe impairments and strengths in body functions and structures	Questions needed to be asked
The state of the s	E.g. Pain in joints (Sensory functions and pain)  E.g. Feels depressed (Mental functions)	NOTE: Questions needed to be asked is filled with the interprofessional group during the learning intervention

# 2. ACTIVITIES AND PARTICIPATION (activity limitations and participation restrictions & strengths/resources)

In this section you are asked to focus on the performance of the case person in relevant (for the person) life areas such as home, family, community, work, etc. Try to find Activity limitation (-) and Participation restrictions (-) as well as the strengths / recourses (+) the person has. Use (-) or (+) to describe how the case person feels it.

Domain	Performance (activity limitations and participation restrictions & strengths/resources)	Questions that need to be asked
Learning and applying knowledge (listening, learning, focusing attention, thinking, making decisions)		NOTE: Questions needed to be asked is filled with the interprofessional group during the learning
General tasks & demands (undertaking single/multiple tasks, carrying out daily routine, handling stress)		intervention
Communication (receiving and producing messages: spoken, nonverbal, formal sign language, written, devices)		
Mobility (changing and maintaining body position, carrying, objects, walking, moving using transport)		
Self-care (washing oneself, caring for body parts, toileting, dressing, eating, drinking, looking after health)	E.g. Irregular eating times (Looking after one's health)	
Domestic life (acquisition of necessities, place to live, goods, preparing meals, household tasks, assisting others)		
Interpersonal interactions and relationships (formal, family, intimate relationships)		
Major life areas (education, work and employment, economic life)	Unemployed at the moment (work and employment)	
Community, social & civic life (community life, recreation,		

	eligion, spirituality, ights, political)				
		L FACTORS (facilitators & barriers)			
The envi	ronment of a persor	can have positive or negative effects on the functioning and the performance			
	•	ng environmental factors surrounding the person, that serve as facilitate	ors (improve performance) or		
barriers (	(worsen performance	e).			
Environm	nental factors can be	physical, social and attitudinal factors external to the individual (see do	omains below). Indicate		
		d facilitators with (+).			
			Questions that need to		
Domair	n	Facilitator (+) Barrier (-)	be asked		
Produc	i i	E.g. Drugs (medication)	NOTE: Questions		
technology (for consumption (food, medication), for use in daily living, mobility, transport, education			needed to be asked is		
			filled with the		
			interprofessional group		
commun			during the learning		
employn	nent, culture, etc.)		intervention		
Physico	al environment				
(neighbo	ourhood, housing,				
	n, roads, light, quality, etc.)				
	. , ,				
Suppor	t, relationships				
and at					
•	mediate/extended i iends, employer,				
	rofessionals, etc.)				
Service	es, systems and				
policies (health, housing, transportation, social					
	labour, etc.)				
4.	Personal factors	(Facilitator (+) Barrier (-))	_		
	Background of indiv	vidual's life and living, which comprise features of the individual that are r			
	or health states. These factors may include gender, age, other health conditions, fitness, lifestyle, habits, upbringing, coping styles, ideas, fears, expectations, social background, education, profession, past and current experience (past life				
	events and concur	ent events), overall behaviour pattern and character style, individual psy			
	characteristics, all c	or any of which may play a role in disability at any level.			
••					
5.	HEALTH CONDIT	ION(s) (DG)			
		eneral diagnoses you have found for you client			
	. icase state field g	eneral diagnoses you have found for you clieft			

This section should be filled in after you have met the client for the first time and (at questions are answered. You should remember to ask your client's main goal during to	•				
Note: ICF always focuses on the functioning and the performance of the person in order participate in all possible parts of society. Therefore, when using ICF, we always try to	formulate goals that				
focus on an improvement in participation. E.g. I would like to be able to play outside or I would like to have a part time job	with my grandchildren				
SHARED DECISION-MAKING					
Describe subgoals related to main goal	Actions that need to be taken in interprofessional group				
This section should be pre-filled before you meet the client for the second time. Here					
Interprofessional subgoals and therapy suggestions (actions need to be taken) you w					
interprofessional subgoals and therapy suggestions (actions need to be taken) you w with the client. Together with the case person you will make a final decision on the tr					





