

# **Phase 1: Planning**

- **Step 1** information gathering
- Step 2 Stakeholder dialogue, critical decision-making, developing a project
- Step 3 Confirm availability of resources and learning experiences

Name	Hospital in Belgium
Country	Belgium
Description of the organisation	It is a hospital of acute care in Belgium
Overall objectives	The mission/vision is to provide accessible, high-quality medicine and care in a respectful and friendly way.  The focus on collaboration started in phase 1 when we created a department to get help us to get to know each other better. What are the various roles of the disciplines within the department?
ldeas by dialogues	List all the actions planned (only name, add more if needed):
	A workshop with the department team and a poster as an end result
Research question/aim	Get to know each other profession
Availability of resources/ Resources requirements	The key to success was the care manager's support, which enabled a physiotherapist to conduct the workshop. The challenge arose when the head nurse insisted on handling the administration. This arose some communication malfunctioning.
Learning experiences	Learning from and about each other professions within the same department which is a positive stimulant for collaboration.
Start date	15 June 2022

### **Phase 2 Construction**

- Step 4 Clarify the competencies and activities, and the expected level of proficiency to be achieved
- Step 5 Determine the learning objectives and associated knowledge and skills
- Step 6 establish the learning experiences, language according to the context and the material needed for learners to achieve the learning objectives

Process to clarify the competencies	A survey was sent to the heads of the department with various questions to ensure that the objectives and targets were understood by all members. The INPRO CF was then used to compare responses and identify competencies that the leaders prioritised.
Learning objectives	IPC3.L0b -IPC3.L2e IPC5.L0a - IPC5.L1 a/b/c - IPC5. L2a/b IPMC2.L0a- IPMC2.L1a/b - IPMC2.L2a/b/c IPMC3.L0a/b - IPMC3.L1a/b/c/d MLC1.L0a/b - MLC1.L1a/b/d/e















Associated knowledge & skills	It's important for them to describe their profession to others.  Basic knowledge and skills are the foundation for this project.  They should have a good understanding of their job, responsibilities, and be able to communicate it to others clearly.
Language	Dutch
Responsible person(s)	Claudia De Weerdt – Physiotherapist Head nursing department Care manager
Target group	The department in the geriatric part of the hospital: nurses (+/-6), healthcare specialist (+/-6), occupational therapist (2), physiotherapist (2), dietitian (1), pastoral worker (2), social worker (1), medical secretary (2), cleaning lady (3), logistic employees (3).
Setting	A part of organisation: geriatric department of the acute care hospital.
Materials	Jamboard is used to describe each other functioning.

# **Phase 3: Sequencing**

- **Step 7** Structure the content
- **Step 8** Allocate time and resources to the project

Content of the project	They are required to identify the tasks assigned to roles other than their own. Prior to the workshop, a brainstorming board was provided to the employees. Introductions are important. They are required to identify the tasks assigned to roles other than their own. They are required to identify the tasks assigned to roles other than their own. The project involves a team consisting of members beyond healthcare professionals, such as logistics personnel, cleaners, and secretaries.
Feasibility of the project	Nursing staff in Belgium have mandatory learning days. A workshop was held during one of these days, and other team members were invited to attend if possible. We had ample space and set aside enough time for the workshop. The first workshop took one month to complete, and the second took two months as different people attended, but the content remained the same.
Working hours	30 h

















### Phase 4: Assessment

- Step 9: Assign assessment method(s) to each of the learning objectives in the
- **Step 10:** Considering gathering quantitative/ qualitative feedback

Documents/tools used in the project	A jamboard is used as a tool for the workshop. The project lead employed a PowerPoint presentation for planning and meetings.
Feedback	The staff were not familiar with the jamboard, so an explanation was communicated by email and in person.

# Phase 5: Piloting

- **Step 11** Pilot/implementation of the project

- Step 12 Evaluate and revise the project	
Implementation of the pilot	Two workshops were held with a different groups of the employers. At the workshops, each profession discussed the post-its on the jamboard related to their tasks.
	They also had the opportunity to add anything that was missed, creating a complete picture of each profession. The other attendees could ask questions or seek clarification if needed.
	Finally, a poster was created for each profession highlighting their three main tasks (see attached).  Additional material: 4.3.j INPRO CF_instructions for workshop with an IP team

Outcome	Poster: attachment in Dutch
Evaluation of the implementation	This was the initial stage of interprofessional cooperation: acquainting ourselves. The employees and department heads responded well. Hindrance: the absence of the doctor from the meeting. Hindrance: the absence of the doctor from the meeting. We must now progress to advance interprofessional collaboration.  Hindrance: the absence of the doctor from the meeting.
Evaluation of the benefits	They understand their tasks and responsibilities. If they have any questions, they know who to ask for help. If they have any questions, they know who to ask for help.
Is it in use	Yes/Partially
	The department displays the poster, but its current use is unclear since it is a work in progress. The first step has been taken, but there is still a significant amount of work left to do.
Further plans	Yes

















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	The other competences and learning outcomes selected by the head nurse are in the plan. They want to create interprofessional working groups to talk about examples linked with the competences and learning outcomes.
Overall success and its determinants at organisational level	The workshop was arranged. It was successful at the organizational level, but there were challenges, such as a slow start-up, difficulty in recruiting staff in addition to clinical work, and turnover of leaders.
Those who completed the google form/ the project	Completed the project: the whole team
Start	Juny 2022
End	December 2022

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# INTERPROFESSIONEEL TEAM GERIATRIE







